

# BARNHAM PARISH COUNCIL

## Biodiversity Policy: V1

The content of this policy is subject to change on an ongoing basis as the parish council seeks to identify and implement appropriate actions, and available resources.

*Adopted 19th March 2024. Review 19th March 2026*

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# RESPONSE TO THE BIODIVERSITY DUTY

## 30 October 2023

### INTRODUCTION - STATUTORY DUTY

Under the 2021 Environment Act, public authorities (including town and parish councils) operating in England must consider what they can do to conserve and enhance biodiversity.

Government guidance published on 17 May 2023 clarifies that, as a public authority, town and parish councils must:

- consider what they can do to conserve and enhance biodiversity.
- agree policies and specific objectives based on their consideration.
- act to deliver their policies and achieve their objectives.

Town and parish councils, unlike other authorities, are not obliged to publish a report on their actions, but the [Government guidance](#) requires all public authorities to complete their first consideration of what action to take for biodiversity by 1 January 2024. They must agree their policies and objectives as soon as possible after this and must reconsider the selected actions within five years of completing their previous consideration, or more frequently if they choose.

To comply with the guidance, town and parish councils could as a minimum:

- have biodiversity as an agenda item for a meeting before the end of 2023.
- note what action they are already taking to conserve and enhance biodiversity.
- agree what further steps they should take to conserve and enhance biodiversity.

Such steps may include:

- reviewing what biodiversity or nature recovery plans are already in place from other local authorities, e.g. potential for jointly-supported wildlife corridors.
- making contact with local voluntary groups working on nature conservation.
- carrying out a biodiversity audit of council landholdings and/or the whole council area, potentially involving residents in a ["BioBlitz"](#)
- gathering expert advice on possible actions in support of biodiversity, such as from [Caring for God's Acre](#) and the [Eco Church initiative](#) in respect of churchyards
- drafting an action plan that covers action that the council will take itself as well as support for the actions of other local bodies.

Whatever action is agreed, as a minimum local councils could ensure they address biodiversity concerns when commenting on planning applications.

All these steps may inform an agreed biodiversity policy for which a model example is attached. Guidance for town and parish councils on developing a [local nature action plan](#) has been published by South Gloucestershire Council, as well as a [field guide](#) for those with little or no ecological background.

# **Barnham Parish Council**

## **BIODIVERSITY POLICY**

### **BACKGROUND**

In accordance with the duty imposed on town and parish councils by Section 40 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006, updated by Section 102 of the Environment Act 2021, Barnham Parish Council (hereinafter referred to as the Council) which has any functions exercisable in relation to England must from time to time consider what action the authority can properly take, consistently with the proper exercise of its functions, to further the general biodiversity objective.

This duty also means that town and parish councils can spend funds in conserving biodiversity.

### **DEFINITION**

According to Defra (Biodiversity 2020), biodiversity is the variety of all life on Earth. It includes all species of animals and plants – everything that is alive on our planet.

Biodiversity is important for its own sake and has its own intrinsic value. A number of studies have shown this value also goes further. Biodiversity is the building block of our 'ecosystems' that in turn provide us with a wide range of goods and services that support our economic and social wellbeing. These include essentials such as food, fresh water and clean air, but also less obvious services such as protection from natural disasters, regulation of our climate, and purification of our water or pollination of our crops. Biodiversity also provides important cultural services, enriching our lives.

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES**

The object of this policy is to work towards conserving and enhancing the biodiversity of the Council's area.

Barnham Parish Council will consider sustainability, environmental impact and biodiversity when making decisions and will develop and implement policies and strategies as required.

In particular, the Council will aim to improve the biodiversity of the area in the following ways:

- consider the potential impact on biodiversity represented by planning applications.
- manage its land and property using environmentally friendly practices that will promote biodiversity.
- support local businesses and council operations in the adoption of low impact / nature positive practices.
- encourage and support other organisations within the parish to manage their areas of responsibility with biodiversity in mind.
- support residents and local organisation activities to enhance and promote biodiversity.

## **ACTIONS**

### **Planning applications**

The Council will:

- when commenting on planning applications, support site and building design that benefits biodiversity through the conservation and integration of existing habitats or provision of new habitats.
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- support protection of sensitive habitats from development and will consider whether the development would mean the loss of important habitats for wildlife in respect of all applications.
- consider what each proposed development might make in terms of biodiversity net gain.

### **Land and property management**

The Council will:

- carry out a biodiversity audit of the land that it manages/maintains.
- consider the conservation and promotion of local biodiversity with regard to the management of its open spaces. This will include adopting beneficial practices with regarding to cutting and removal of vegetation, application of chemicals and timing of maintenance work, paying attention to the Government's [regulations for plant protection products](#).
- take special care in the specification of grounds maintenance contracts to ensure that the work, whilst reaching acceptable standards, does not harm the natural environment.
- source sustainable materials when procuring supplies for the Council's use
- consider biodiversity issues and the implementation of changes when managing its assets.

### **Local community**

The Council will:

- raise public awareness of biodiversity issues, including through its website and newsletters.
- engage with local businesses and residents regarding biodiversity in the community and how members of the community can assist and make a difference.
- where feasible, involve the community in biodiversity projects on land it manages or maintains including for example tree planting, wildflower meadows, birdbox making.

It will review any local nature recovery strategies, species conservation strategies, or protected site strategies in respect of local Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSIs) and consider how it may become more involved in implementing the strategies' recommendations.

## MONITORING

This policy was adopted on **19<sup>h</sup> March 2024 (Minute reference 12)** and will be reviewed in two years or sooner should legislation dictate / each year at the Annual Meeting. A summary of how the policy has been implemented will be published annually, with reference to the original biodiversity audit to show progress.

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### West Suffolk Local Plan

Issues and Options regulation 18 consultation provides the following details:

- Much of the village is designated a conservation area with 17 listed buildings and a scheduled ancient monument within the settlement boundary.
  - Barnham Camp a training site for the RAF Regiment is located approximately one kilometre north of the village.
  - An industrial site is located some two kilometres west of the settlement on part of the former RAF Barnham on Thetford Heath. This former 1950's nuclear facility it is a scheduled monument and several buildings on the site have listed building status.
  - Development around the settlement is heavily constrained by designations protecting the natural environment. Breckland Special Area of Conservation is one kilometre to the north east, areas of the Breckland Special Protection Area surround the village which is within the stone curlew, woodlark and nightjar buffers.
  - Breckland Heath Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) lies to the west, Breckland Farmland SSSI to the north and south, and Barnham Heath SSSI to the east.
  - The village is situated in a special landscape area.
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## ACTION PLAN

| SITE / OBJECTIVE                                | ACTION   | OUTCOME   | TARGET (Years)  | REPORTING / PUBLICITY             |
|---|--|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| Whole council area                              | Raise local awareness of biodiversity.   | Gain local support for action.  | Ongoing   | Newsletter, social media, website |
| Protect and support biodiversity                | Encourage suitable planting to support biodiversity.   | Connect & diversify habitats to meet the needs of a variety of wildlife species   | Ongoing   | Mapping                           |
| Cemetery / churchyard<br><br>PCC responsibility | Non required: PCC are actively pursuing biodiversity policy  | Increased diversity of habitats and food sources  | Maintain an interest and ask to received updates but PCC, not Barnham Parish Council, is responsible for this area. |                                   |
| Play Park                                       | Sympathetically maintain hedging.<br><br><b>Leave some areas unmown</b><br><br>Only use environment friendly pesticides where absolutely necessary and only in ideal weather conditions.   | Food sources and cover<br><br>Encourages insects.<br><br>Sustain and enhance natural habitats.                                  | Ongoing   | Newsletter, social media, website |
| Common/ other open spaces                       | Adopt a management plan.<br><br>Encourage residents to remove litter and pick up after their dogs.<br><br>Work with the county council on verge management, favouring biodiversity but noting which areas may need cutting for highway safety.<br><br><b>Encourage residents to adopt areas to look after, making it clear make it clear what is expected e.g. peat free compost and no chemicals.</b> | Sustain and enhance natural habitats.<br><br>Protecting habitats<br><br>Protecting/enhancing habitats<br><br>Regular attention. | Ongoing   | Newsletter, social media, website |

| SITE / OBJECTIVE                             | ACTION  | OUTCOME   | TARGET (Years) | REPORTING / PUBLICITY             |
|--|---|---|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| The Built Landscape                          | <p>Ensure that planning consultations are considered against the requirements of biodiversity</p> <p>Encourage hedgehog/small animal highways with permeable boundaries</p>   | <p>Protecting/enhancing habitats</p> <p>Extending habitats.</p>   | Ongoing        |                                   |
| Increase community awareness of biodiversity | <p>Ask residents for their views on what they would like to be done to conserve biodiversity within the parish.</p> <p>Raise awareness of the importance of gardens as habitats for wildlife, with possible actions highlighted in the parish magazine.</p> <p>Create a page on the parish council website for photographs / information / links</p> <p>Encourage local farmers to contribute.</p> <p>Be aware of opportunities for free bulbs and seeds and proactively direct residents to the source.</p> <p>Discourage floodlighting.</p> | <p>Engagement/ownership of biodiversity</p> <p>Promote biodiversity.</p> <p>Promote biodiversity.</p> <p>Promote biodiversity.</p> <p>Extending habitats.</p> <p>Protect nocturnal animals.</p> | Ongoing        | Newsletter, social media, website |
| Support Community Projects                   | <p>Support hedge/tree planting in any appropriate areas.</p> <p>Work in partnership with the school to develop young people's awareness of the environment around them.</p> <p>Consider events and offer volunteering opportunities to support biodiversity, working with local organisations.</p>  | <p>Extending habitats.</p> <p>Promote biodiversity.</p> <p>Promote biodiversity.</p>  | Ongoing        | Newsletter, social media, website |